



J. B. GODWIN, Editor.

ELIZABETH CITY.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 15, 1859.
RE-ORGANIZATION OF COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

We understand that the Secretary of the Treasury has submitted a plan to Congress for the re-organization of the Collection Districts of the country upon a plan that will make an estimated saving of nearly half a million per annum to the public treasury. The Secretary in making this recommendation, has thrown the Districts in this State into a very awkward shape, as we find them mapped off in the following extract from the bill re-organizing the Collection Districts of the U. States, furnished to the Wilmington Journal by a Washington Correspondent:

Extent of bill re-organizing the Collection Districts of the United States.
Sec. 41. District number forty-one shall be called the district of Washington, in the State of North Carolina, and to the said district as now established by law, there shall be annexed and form a part thereof, the district of Camden, in the said State. Washington shall be the port of entry for the said district, at which a Collector shall be appointed to reside and perform his duties, at a compensation of six hundred and fifty dollars per annum.

Elizabeth City shall be the port of delivery for the said district, and a Deputy Collector, who shall also be an inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer, at a compensation of five hundred dollars per annum, shall be appointed to reside and perform the duties of said office at said port.

Sec. 42. District number forty-two shall be called the district of Newberne, in the State of N. C., and to the said district, as now established by law, there shall be annexed, and form a part thereof, the districts of Beaufort and Ocracoke, in the said State. Newberne shall be a port of entry for the said district, and a Collector, at a compensation of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum, and a Deputy Collector, who shall also be an inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer, at a compensation of six hundred and fifty dollars per annum, shall be appointed to reside and perform their respective duties at said port.

The following shall be ports of delivery for the said district, at which officers shall be appointed to reside and perform their respective duties, at annual compensations as follows:

Beaufort, a Deputy Collector, who shall also be an inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer, at six hundred and fifty dollars per annum; Hatteras, a Deputy Collector, who shall also be an inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer, at three hundred and sixty dollars per annum; Ocracoke, a Deputy Collector, who shall also be an inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer, at three hundred and fifty dollars per annum; and an inspector, at seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum; an inspector, at three hundred and fifty dollars per annum; two boatmen, at each hundred and fifty dollars each per annum.

Sec. 43. District number forty-three shall be called the district of Plymouth, in the State of North Carolina, and to the said district as now established by law, there shall be annexed, and form a part thereof, the district of Edenton, in the said State. Plymouth shall be a port of entry for the said district, at which a Collector, at a compensation of six hundred dollars per annum, and an inspector, who shall be a gauger, and measurer, at a salary of three hundred dollars per annum, shall be appointed to reside and perform their respective duties at said port.

The following shall be ports of delivery for the said district, at which officers shall be appointed to reside and perform their respective duties, at annual compensations, as follows:

Edenton, a Deputy Collector, who shall also be an inspector, gauger, and measurer, at three hundred dollars per annum; Windsor, an inspector, at one hundred and fifty dollars per annum.

Sec. 44. District number forty-four shall be called the district of Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, with the same boundaries as are now established by law, for the said district. Wilmington shall be a port of entry for the said district, at which officers shall be appointed to reside and perform their respective duties, at annual compensations, as follows:

A Collector at a thousand dollars per annum; a Deputy Collector, who shall be an inspector, at eight hundred and fifty dollars per annum; an inspector, who shall also be a weigher, gauger, and measurer, at three hundred dollars per annum; Smithville, shall be a port of delivery for the said district, and an inspector, who shall also be a boarding officer, at a compensation of four hundred and fifty dollars per annum, and two boatmen, at three hundred dollars each, per annum, shall be appointed to reside and perform their respective duties at said port.

Thus it will be seen that the District of Camden, though separated by two other Districts under the present arrangement, and by one under that proposed, is transferred to the Washington District, while the intervening Districts of Plymouth and Edenton are to be consolidated into one, as if to strengthen the wedge inserted into the new District of Washington and Camden, and make its separation (under the new union) more complete! The districts of Washington and Camden do not touch at any point, and it seems to us that it would be exceedingly inconvenient for vessels belonging in this neighborhood to be required not only to seek a port of entry elsewhere, but actually to cross over another District in order to get at that port. And even if this dissatisfied union is to be effected, it strikes us that the plan of doing so should be reversed, and that Washington

should be transferred to Camden, and not Camden to Washington; for the tonnage of Camden is greater than that of Washington, as per Treasury Department's report of commerce and navigation for year 1858:

Tonnage of Camden (omitting fractions.)	5,713
Tonnage of Washington (omitting fractions.)	5,091
	1,082

Making the tonnage of this District 1082 tons more than that of Washington. In fact the tonnage of the District of Camden is greater than that of any other District in the State, except Wilmington.

Moreover, the District of Camden is penetrated by the great Dismal Swamp Canal, and by the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal; and nearly all the commerce of the Sounds of the State has to pass through this District in order to reach a market. It is the most convenient and eligible District for Commerce in all the State North of Wilmington. And, after all, instead of saving, the proposed union will increase the public expenditure, if the data of the 'Journals' correspondent are correct. He puts down the present expenses of the two Districts at \$894 per annum, and under the proposed arrangement at \$1,150—a loss of \$256! The saving is in the other Districts. If the District of Camden is to be consolidated, it should be with Edenton or Plymouth, or both, as these lie in geographical contiguity. But the idea of sending masters of vessels, and importers, away from Elizabeth City to Washington to enter, to clear, to renew or change papers, would seem to be a useless burden, not worth the expenditure of \$256 to obtain.

THE WHIG PARTY.
It is a rare thing in these latter days to pick up a Know-nothing sheet and not find a paragraph or a long article upon the resuscitation of the 'old Whig party.' Moving appeals in behalf of the aged and war worn veteran stare you in the face from almost every page of these mongrel journals, and you are exhorted with a zeal and enthusiasm to rally to its standard that would forbid the idea that this same standard had been so recently deserted by these now so vociferous in their shouts. This 'old party' is at the present day extolled for its unapproachable excellence, eulogized for its immaculate purity, 'lauded to the heavens' because of the high order of its patriotism, and this by the identical individuals who, only a few years ago, met in solemn convocation and after a post mortem examination of its defunct carcass, published to the world the astounding intelligence that it was rotten, corrupt, and had expired from the enormity of its own wickedness and iniquity, and was unfit for the abodes of living men. Now the tune is changed.—An attempt is being made to exhume the long buried corpse of this once great party—to breathe into its nostrils the breath of life, and to impart to it a little of the vitality necessary to enable it to hobble through the brief career, for which it has been resurrected, and the throats that have hardly healed from the irritation produced by shouting paeans to the presiding deity of the cult, are now boisterous in their demonstrations of favor at the coming forth of this inhabitant of the spirit world.

All their praises are bestowed upon old Whiggery, none upon modern 'Americanism.' Great are the encomiums lavished upon the old giant that perished from their own cruel and ungrateful stabs; not a tear is shed over the fallen fortunes of the arrogant upstart who, but yesterday, was their honor and acknowledged idol.—There are no stirring appeals to the spirit of Americanism; that has had its day, and is now cast aside; it has become obnoxious and gladly would the disciples of Sam forget that it ever had an existence.

Poor Samuel! he has been used, and is now, most outrageously abused.

THE COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE ON POST OFFICES, among the items for increasing the revenues of the department, propose to take from newspaper publishers the privilege of receiving their exchanges free. We suppose it barely possible that a measure so unjust and oppressive can find sufficient favor in either branch of Congress to pass it through, yet the bare proposition exhibits very clearly the capacity of the souls of certain individuals and their fitness for the high places which, from some unaccountable mistake, they have reached.—Many of these congressional gentlemen care but little for the burdens which they impose upon others, whilst enjoying themselves with the snug little sum of three thousand dollars per session. This proposition is convincing proof of one of two things: it shows a criminal indifference to the interest of the journalism of the country, or a wish to muzzle and break down a free and independent press. The large city papers might be able to bear up under a tax levied in the shape of postage upon their exchanges, but of the country papers not one would be left to sing a requiem over the graves of the others. We have no fears of the adoption of the report.

WHAT THEY THINK OF HIM.
A black republican paper nominates S. P. Chase, of Ohio, for President in 1860, and Kenneth Rayner, of N. C., for Vice President. Capital company that for Mr. Rayner.

THE SENSITIVE PLANT.
We have before stated that Wm. F. Martin, Esq., had yielded to the solicitations of the ladies of the Mount Vernon Association, and would deliver an address in this city, on the night of the 25th, in aid of the Mount Vernon fund. It is scarce necessary that we should say what every one is well aware of, to-wit, that there is a rare intellectual treat in store for those who shall hear Mr. Martin on that occasion. He is fully qualified for the task which the ladies have imposed upon him, and we say to one and all, go and hear for yourselves. The address will be delivered in Avon Hall, Mr. P. H. Dozier having kindly tendered the use of it to the ladies of the Association.

THANKS.
Our thanks are due the Hon. H. M. Shaw for a copy of the Explorations for the Pacific Railway, and for the Smithsonian Report.

Mr. John Pool, Senator from Pasquotank and Perquimans, will also accept our acknowledgments for Commodore Wilkes' Report, and other documents.

We have received favors from some unknown friends in the Legislature, and give them our thanks for the same.

MUSIC.
We are requested to state that Mrs. K. Gerkins, has a lot of new and popular music, which she would gladly dispose of. She is now stopping at the Leigh House; those wishing it, can call and select such as may suit them. Mrs. Gerkins is totally blind, and dependent upon the sales of her music for the means to live, and the benevolent will, no doubt, find many pieces in her collection to please.

REMOVAL.
By casting the eye over our advertising columns, it will be seen that our old friend, J. M. Mathews, has changed his quarters, given up the 'old stand,' and he is now safely and comfortably settled in his handsome new store on Broad Street, a few doors south of our office, where he is, as usual, ready, yea anxious, to 'operate upon time' for the means to live, and the benevolent will, no doubt, find many pieces in her collection to please.

OPPOSITION TO MR. LETCHER.
The opposition Convention which met in Richmond on the 11th, to nominate an opponent to Mr. Letcher, have selected the Hon. Wm. L. Goggin, of Bedford.

THE NEW YORK MERCURY.—An excellent family newspaper, furnished at the low rate of \$2.00 per annum.

NARROW ESCAPE OF TWENTY-TWO CHILDREN FROM DROWNING.—On Monday twenty-two little children narrowly escaped a watery grave in the harbor at Boston. The Herald, of that city, has the following particulars of their escape:

The severe cold weather of the past week caused the thick ice to form around the piles of the New York Central Railroad bridge, and on this a large number of children, who were in the habit of playing notwithstanding the vigilance of the railroad employees and the police. On Monday, taking advantage of the absence of the men from work, a larger number than usual were at play, when, about one o'clock, the ice gave way and went out with the tide, carrying with it twenty-two of the children, all between the ages of seven and nine years.

Finding the position they were in, they screamed for assistance, but were not heard or noticed by any one on the shore. Mr. William Haslem was fortunately out in a boat, and seeing the desperate condition of the little crowd pulled to their assistance as quickly as possible, and fortunately succeeded in reaching them, the strong ebb tide, however, making it a matter of much difficulty. When his boat touched the ice, the greatest coolness was necessary on the part of Mr. Haslem, as, notwithstanding his warning to the children to keep back, they crowded to the edge of the treacherous ice. Seeing the importance of immediate action, Haslem commenced taking the little folks into his boat, and scarcely breathed until he had got his boat loaded down to the water's edge. In this condition he had to wade much care in navigating his craft, with which he succeeded eventually in reaching South Boston Point with his living freight all safe and sound, although all of them were terribly frightened.

A MOTHER'S MAGIC.
The following touching and felicitous illustration of the power of ideas was given by Wendell T. Phillips, the other day in a public speech at New York:

"I was told a story so touching in reference to this, that you must let me tell it.—It is a temperance case, but it will illustrate this just as well. It is the story of a mother on the hills of Vermont, holding by the right hand a son, sixteen years old, mad with the love of the sea. And as she stood by the garden gate one sunny morning she said, 'Edward, they tell me that the great temptation of a seaman's life is drink. Promise me before you quit your mother's hand, that you will never drink. And said he—for he told me the story—'I gave her the promise, and went the round globe over—to Calcutta, the Mediterranean, San Francisco, the Cape of Good Hope, the North Pole and the South—I saw them all in forty years, and I never saw a glass filled with the sparkling liquor that my mother's form by the garden gate, on the green hillside of Vermont, did not see before me; and to-day sixty my lips are as sweet as the taste of honey. I was not that sweet evidence of the power of a single word? Yet that was not half—'

"For, said he, 'yesterday there came into my counting room a young man of forty, and asked—'Do you know me?'—'No,' I said, 'I was once brought drunk into your presence on shipboard, you were a passenger; the captain kicked me aside; you took me to your berth and kept me there until I had slept the sleep of intoxication; I then asked if I had a mother, I said I never knew a word from her lips, you told me of yours at the garden gate, and to-day I am the master of one of the finest packets in New York, and I come to ask you to sell and see me. How far that little candle throws its beams! That mother's word on the green hillside of Vermont! Oh, God, be thanked for the almighty power of a single word!'

THE SENSITIVE PLANT.
The Senate on motion of Mr. Lane took up the bill to extend the charter of the Bank of the State six years, the question being on an amendment to limit the issue to \$5 and over.
The amendment was adopted—yeas 16, nays 10.
Mr. Ward moved to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the bill to establish the Bank of North Carolina, introduced into the House by Mr. Ransom.
The question then recurred on inserting the substitute as amended, and resulted in the affirmative—yeas 9, nays 9.
The revenue bill passed its second reading by a vote of 31 to 13, without amendment. The bill to aid in the completion of the Chesapeake and Chesapeake Canal also passed its second reading by a vote of 19 to 17.
In the Commons, the bill concerning public mills, (authorizing the County Court of Pasquotank to establish the rate of tolls,) passed its third reading.
The bill to prevent the emancipation of slaves by will and testament, was rejected—yeas 23, nays 58.
A bill concerning free negroes, authorizing them to be hired out for cost and charges when taken out of the bounds of their own county without having their free papers. It was moved to lay it on the table—yeas 23, nays 58.

Messrs. Ferebee, Bridges, Bryan, of Craven; and Jones, of Craven, supported the bill. Messrs. Williams and McKay opposed it.

The bill passed its second reading, and will be amended on its third reading.
The bill to amend the charter of Elizabeth City, passed.
The bill to provide for making free negroes pay their debts was read the second time.
Mr. Outlaw moved it be indefinitely postponed. Rejected—yeas 20, nays 57.
Mr. McKay opposed the bill as unconstitutional.

Mr. Whitfield spoke in favor of the bill. The Supreme Court of the United States had decided they were not citizens.
Mr. McKay was as much in favor of slave institutions as any man, but he would not vote for selling free negroes for debt. He would rather deprive those who dealt with them of the power to recover their debts, and thus put an end to trading with them.

Mr. T. R. Caldwell moved to amend by striking out 'sell' and insert 'hire.' Adopted.

Mr. Ward opposed the bill: he would not give mean white men power to get a free negro in debt, and then sell him.
Mr. Outlaw was against the bill.
Mr. Kerr was for it. The law imprisons white men for debt, and he would see no reason why a free negro should not be hired out to pay his debts.

Mr. Meigs was in favor of the bill.
The State sold them to secure its costs of prosecution, and he thought it ought to allow its private citizens to secure their debts in the same manner.

Mr. Pritchard had introduced the bill, and had no idea of seeing so much negro sympathy. The South had two classes of enemies, free negroes and their sympathizers. He was not convinced that there was any constitutional objection to the principle of the bill. If free negroes will not pay their debts, let them be made to do so. He hoped the House would pass the bill.

Mr. Byrd moved to postpone the bill to the 4th of July; which was afterwards withdrawn.

Mr. Norwood offered an amendment, limiting the provisions of the bill to debts contracted after the 1st of April, 1860.—Adopted—yeas 17, nays 27.

Mr. Norwood thought that fanaticism in the North ought not to drive us into an opposite extreme. Hiring out for five years is actually a sale for that period, as the negro was actually a slave for that time. The evil of contracting debt is of small extent. He would, therefore, oppose the bill, as it crushed out what little liberty the free negroes had left. He asked the House to reject the bill.

Mr. Seales coincided with Mr. Norwood, and moved to lay the bill on the table, which was rejected.

The bill then passed—yeas 55, nays 23.
The bill to regulate fishing in the waters of Pamlico and Albemarle sounds.

Mr. Outlaw moved to postpone to the next session.

Mr. Badham objected; he said much time had been already consumed about this matter; 8 out of 10 of the committee had reported against the bill, therefore, he moved it be laid on the table. Adopted—yeas 91, nays 9.

The bill rejecting the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal bill was re-considered, and the bill made the special order for Friday next. The bill to modify the restrictions on the Western Extension passed its second reading, was ordered to be printed, and made the special order for night.

A bill to send free negroes out of the State was read, yeas 73 to 25. The bill (Mr. Ransom's) to charter the Bank of North Carolina was under discussion last night.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.
ELIZABETH CITY, Feb. 11th, 1859.
At a called meeting of Southern Star Section No. 10, C. of T., in consequence of the death of one of its members, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions suitable to the occasion, who submitted the following, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, in the dispensation of an All-wise Providence, our worthy brother, WILLIAM POLNER, has been removed from our midst; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Section has heard of the death of this brother with deep sorrow. Although he was connected with our order but a short time, still he won our confidence and esteem; and whilst we feel very sensibly this loss, we would bow submissively and say, 'No, our will, oh! Lord, be thine; he is done.'

Resolved, That although young, yet we would extend our sympathies to the relatives of the deceased in their sad bereavement, and would say that much comfort is to be derived from the fact of his perfect composure during his illness, his complete resignation in his last hours, and of many bright evidences which he gave that 'all was well.'

Resolved, That as a token of respect for our departed brother, we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the 'Democratic Pioneer' and 'Spirit of the Age,' and that a copy of the same be sent to the family of the deceased.

CHAS. QUINN, Secy.
K. R. CORN, [Com. Secy.]
J. W. GRADY, [Com. Secy.]

THE EDENTON EXPRESS AND MR. BADHAM.
The shrewd editor of the Edenton Express, in his issue of the 12th inst., has published an editorial, in which he has both the Edenton City Express and the Edenton City Express, for the inadvertent use of saying a word or two in application to the bitter, malevolent, and superfluous attack upon the Delegate from Chowan county.—The main points, however, of even our unstudied and brief defence of Mr. Badham, are utterly neglected in the late savage ravings of the Express, and in view of repeating its original allegations against that gentleman, it is evident the question involved and introduced two new, and for its own sake, most important ones.

First, that Mr. Badham, voted to tax the salaries of Ministers of the gospel. Had he done so; had he failed to speak sufficient and tenable reason, discriminating in favor of clergymen rather than of physicians, lawyers, judges, editors and others, who pursue a vocation beneficial to society; we should certainly see nothing very absurd or criminal in the action laid to the charge of Mr. Badham. But what is the fact? Did Mr. Badham actually vote to tax the clergy? The records show the contrary. We have seen it with our own eyes—and rely upon no lying hearsay—in the journal of the House of Delegates, exhibited to us by the Clerk of that body. In the State House at Raleigh, the renowned vote of the members upon the question of taxing the salaries of clergymen. It appears by this document, which our contemporary will probably allow, to be an authentic testimony, that on the provision in the Revenue Bill, taxing ministers' salaries, Mr. BADHAM VOTED with eighty nine others to STRIKE IT OUT. The yeas and nays—very happily for the truth of history—were taken upon the question, on the 25th of January, the vote standing 90 for striking out, among whom we find the NAME OF MR. BADHAM, to 11 in favor of retaining the proposition. Subsequently, four persons changed their votes from the negative to the affirmative, leaving the vote as officially recorded, 94 to 7—MR. BADHAM BEING ALL RIGHT ON THIS NEW and wonderful statement of the 'goose quill.'

We would suggest to our neighbor to be a little more careful in future, to ascertain the facts before indulging in so sweeping animadversions.—*Marfreeboro Citizen.*

FROM THE PITTSBURG JOURNAL.
AWFUL CALAMITY.
A HUSBAND, WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN BURNED TO ASHES WITH THEIR DWELLING HOUSE.—It is our painful duty to record one of the most horrible and distressing fires and loss of life, last night, that has ever happened in our country or cities, accompanied by awful circumstances. Last evening, about 11 o'clock, a two story frame house, situated just out of the line of Allegheny City, in Reserve township, and occupied by a man named Rogers, by trade a carpenter, caught fire, and before they could be rescued, he and his wife and six out of seven children were burnt to ashes.

This Rogers and his wife had, it seems from the evidence of the neighbors, for some time given themselves up to hard drinking, and though he owned the property on which he lived, yet so worthless had he become that the family had been supported by the neighbors out of charity. He and his wife frequently had quarrels, and so common had their quarrels and noises become to the neighbors that but little attention was paid to them.

Screams were heard by the neighbors in the house before the fire was discovered by them, but supposing that they were, as usual, occasioned by a drunken fight, and as they were known to have been drunk all day, nothing was thought of it till the flames were seen. But it was too late; the drunken husband and wife, father and mother, were consumed in the first story, while the cries of poor innocent children, innocent victims of the infernal vice of their parents, went up in hopeless agony from the second story, where the merciless flames had encircled them with their fiery and fatal wreaths before human aid had reached them. The only one saved was a boy who got on the porch.

The house was dry and burned like a flash. All that human aid could do, was done, but it came too late. The two cities and neighborhood are thrilled with horror at the occurrence.

The house stood by itself, near the head of James street, Allegheny city.

RUMORS.
It is rumored that a caucus of the Know Nothing members of the Legislature was held on Saturday night last, and that several important measures were considered.

It is rumored that it was determined to get rid of the name of Know Nothing, and assume that of Whig. Generally 'where there is a will there is a way,' but in this case there are insurmountable obstacles in the way. The people will never believe that there is no such thing as a Know Nothing party; and the circumstances of its origin and of its career have been such that they will never forget the thing Know Nothing, or the persons who started it. To this case emphatically 'names are things.'

It is rumored that it was determined to oppose the Revenue bill, and to throw the responsibility of passing it on the Democratic party. Very well.

It is also rumored that the Register and our neighbor Syme were under discussion, and that it is intended to buy, lift, or cast him out. 'All's well that ends well.'

The great American-Whig-Know-Nothing-Federal party of North Carolina is just about strong enough to ignore Mr. Syme, to have two organs at Raleigh, and to divide generally over the spoils before they get them.—*Standard.*

At Cambridge, Gen. Washington had heard that the colored soldiers were not to be depended upon for sentries. So one night when the password was 'Cambridge,' he went outside the camp, put on an overcoat, and then approached a colored sentinel. 'Who's there?' 'A friend,' replied Washington. 'Friend, advance unarmed, and give the countersign,' said the colored man. Washington came up and said 'Roxbury.' 'No, sir,' was the response. 'Medford,' said Washington. 'No, sir,' returned the colored soldier. 'Charleston,' said Washington. 'The colored man immediately exclaimed, 'I tell you, Massa Washington, no man go by here 'out he say 'Cambridge.' Washington said 'Cambridge,' and went by, and the next day the colored gentleman was relieved of all further necessity for attending to that particular branch of military duty.

THE OPPOSITION PARTY IN 1860.
Notwithstanding the long period yet to elapse, before the next Presidential election, active politicians are already canvassing the field, and laying their plans for future political operations. A recent consulting held at Washington, by gentlemen supposed to be the representatives of the old conservative or Whig party, and not hitherto ranked with the Republicans, has been the subject of comment and assuming that the statement respecting the conclusions there arrived at is correct, certainly affords occasion for some surprise. It has been very generally asserted, and so far as we have observed, nowhere contradicted, that it was agreed by the wise men in council at Washington, that any arrangement for action by the Opposition, the Republican organization must be the basis upon which a party is to be constructed, and the chief or leading element in that party, in the next Presidential campaign.

With all deference to the judgment of the gentlemen who have undertaken thus early to lay out the work for the Opposition in 1860, we are compelled to express our surprise, that any one of them holding the position assigned to the old Whigs of the country, such men as Fillmore and Hunt of this State, Crittenden of Kentucky, Hall of Tennessee, Hildard, Winthrop and others of Massachusetts, and their associates throughout the Union, should reach a conclusion such as is attributed to the late convention at Washington. We are aware that these gentlemen did not, if report speaks truly, agree upon any names or any combination of names, to present for the consideration of an Opposition convention, but confined themselves to the enunciation of the opinion, that to be successful in the next Presidential election, the Opposition must be united upon candidates, (a very sensible opinion certainly), and further that the basis of such organization must be the present Republican party.

It is undoubtedly true that the Republicans are the most powerful and numerous of all the opposition to the Democracy in the Union, two thirds of them are organized, and the other opposition factions put together. If, in view of this fact, the Americans and the old Whigs, national men by profession, choose to acknowledge allegiance to that party, to become part and parcel thereof, and thus to surrender the political position and character which they have so honorably if not wisely maintained, and become merged in the organization, which recognizes Wm. H. Seward as its master spirit and leader, we surely have no cause to complain of such action, however much we may be astonished at the singularity of their preferences, or pained to witness so great a surrender of former principles and professions. But we may justly express the surprise which such a course would cause, in the minds of the great body of those who like ourselves, have placed confidence in the profession of nationality, and the opposition to sectional fanaticism, which have hitherto been distinguishing features in the creed of the large body of men to whose action we refer.

It may be that these gentlemen have confidence in their ability to nationalize the Republican party. It may be that they suppose it in their power, by entering actively into the Opposition management for the future, to prune the creed of that party of its exoteric elements, and to make it a party which shall have vitality and command support in all sections of the Union. If such is their opinion we tell them frankly that they are mistaken, that they either overestimate their own strength, or underestimate that of the present managers of the Republican party. An agreement to co-operate with the Republicans is simply a surrender of their former hostility to the doctrines and the leaders of that organization, and a bond for future submission and good behavior. Such a surrender is rather more than we are prepared to expect, from high-toned journals like the National Intelligencer, the Boston Courier, and numerous others of their class, and we do not now anticipate any such action on their part, or of the large and respectable body of national men whom they represent. We had supposed that the adherence already yielded by the Boston Daily Advertiser, the New York Commercial Advertiser and others of their associate journals, to the Republican organization, had exhausted the concessions from the papers hitherto possessing opinions so widely at variance from the modern Republican creed.

It is manifest that any general agreement upon an Opposition ticket must result as we have predicted above, in the absolute triumph of some leading Republican in the nominating Convention. Who among all the prominent men of the Opposition now opposed to extreme Republican doctrines, can undertake to predict otherwise? Will Ex-President Fillmore, or Ex-Governor Hunt undertake to carry the Opposition party of New York against Mr. Seward? Let us respectfully tell them the thing cannot be done. If the fusion is attempted in a State Convention, they will be overwhelmed by numbers, or if by the joint action of two conventions, the Seward men will never yield the control of the delegation. If it is attempted through the agency of District Conventions, the Seward men secure three to one of the delegates, and thus control the thirty-five votes of the State. Will Mr. Hildard, Mr. Winthrop, or Ex-Governor Gardner try the same undertaking in Massachusetts? Their experience hitherto, ought to convince them of the utter absurdity of any such anticipations. Banks and his retainers are as sure of the delegation from that State, as they are that a Convention is to be held for the nomination of a Presidential candidate.

Where else are the national men of the Opposition to look for strength? Connecticut, New Hampshire, Maine, Vermont, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Illinois; in fact every Northern State would present a similar state of things in a National Convention; while any strength which the few Southern States would be able to bring, would be weakness itself compared with the overwhelming power of the ultra-Republicans. It is probable, indeed, that the Republican managers would be willing to forego the promulgation of a platform or creed, in consideration of having the candidate. Such a course, instead of requiring a sacrifice, would be a positive relief, for in their present transitory state it is questionable whether as a party they will have any settled principles at so early a date as the spring of 1860.

Should it be in contemplation to hold two conventions, as did the Republicans and Americans in this State last fall, the result can hardly be more satisfactory. It might be a more dignified position for the conservative men to occupy, for their humiliation would not be so complete, but it could scarcely procure to them more favor-

able terms in the end. Possibly they might so manage as to secure the Vice President, but we conclude that the man who would represent the conservative branch of the Opposition, driven to such political necessities, would play second fiddle to those whom they held in contempt in the past.

We are not averse to witnessing a test between the great political parties, which shall embrace the entire body of voters in the Union. Our regard for the courage such a state of things in a national contest. We are quite sure, therefore, that the two parties shall, in such disposition of their forces as shall be able, and give us a grand Presidential election, which shall settle the question between the views of the electors of the entire country. But for the men now existing about them with a view to determining their political associations, and distinct organization, and nomination for the Presidential election; 2. Organization and union with the Democrats and support of its candidates, and surrender to the fatal embrace of the Whigism. It is for them to make the choice.—*Journal of Commerce.*

ANOTHER BRITISH OUTLAW.
Burning of an American vessel by a British Steamer on the coast of Africa.

The Navy Department is in receipt of official advice from the Coast of Africa, announcing the visit, search, seizure, burning of an American vessel by a British cruiser. The following correspondence tells the whole story:

COM. TOTTER TO THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.
U. S. SHIP VINCESSES, Dec. 10, 1858.
SIR: I have the honor to forward to you the accompanying report in relation to the capture and destruction of the Rufus Soule, a brigantine of American colors, by Her Britannic Majesty's steamer Viper, on or about the 12th October, 1858.

As I am not met with Flag-Officer Conner before the latter part of February and supposing it important that the facts as appearing in these papers should be communicated to the Department as early as possible, I forward copies of a report I prepared for the Commander-in-Chief this station.

I trust that my reasons for this communication will appear sufficient to the Honorable the Secretary of the Navy, and have the honor to be, Sir, Very respectfully,
B. J. TOTTER, Commander-in-Chief.

To the Hon. L. Toumey.

STATEMENT OF PETER CALDWELL.
I shipped for the American brig Rufus Soule, Captain Anderson, at Matanzas the 8th of July, and sailed, as I understand, for Fernando Po. Just sighted Cape Verde Islands, and the next I saw was the African Coast, near to Bandi.

Soon afterwards we saw a steamer coming towards us, and she sent a boat, captain of the steamer Viper and an officer with him came aboard; they took papers, and mustered the crew, questioned us all about where we were, I was at the wheel, and heard the captain of the Viper tell Captain Anderson that he would give him one hour to make his mind, and if he did not deliver his mind he would take her in tow; and the vessel returned on board of his own vessel, leaving the other officer with us. In the hour the order was given for the engines to start; I then saw, for the first time, that our flag had been hauled down. The English officer then waived his keelieff to the Viper, and the next the steamer came aboard. The Viper was opened, and he then ordered us to get our clothes ready to go on board the brig as her sails and small stores were set on fire about 7 o'clock evening, and was burning all night the morning several shots were fired before she went down. I heard that some of the crew of the Viper that were burned because they had no men to burn in her, and that they had only burned one out of every three vessels.

We got under weigh in the afternoon were landed on the beach at Kaba, the Vincennes had not come in, I know how we could have lived. The English officer that I was an American.

The American flag was not flying from the vessel's hatches were opened, and papers were thrown into the sea, without even a suggestion of the honor to be done.

Acting B. I. Totten, U. S. ship Vincent.

The letter Commander Totten replied was unsatisfactory, as it made no mention of the circumstances of the burning of the ship without legal investigation.

Commander Haddock rejoined by referring to the American officer to the British Admiral's command of the station; and this the correspondence as reported to the Department.

DECLINE OF SPANISH POWER.

Charles V. and Philip II. Spain the most powerful nation on the face of the globe. Her sovereigns held sway over half of Europe, and distant continents of the East. From the beginning of the sixteenth century her decline commenced. The neighboring States, growing in power and wealth, stripped her one by one of her magnificent appendages, until she was one of the weakest and poorest powers in Europe. What a century upon national greatness—three hundred years ago, dictated world. A Congress of Continental war convoked in Paris to construct a new Europe, and she is not even invited to participate in its deliberations. English and French journals affect to be struck over the idea of an American conquest of Spanish territory, perceiving as well to inquire whether nations they hold up as models of impenetrable inviolability have ever indulged in the "invasion" themselves.

In 1492, Columbus "discovered" Louisiana. During the century he managed to squeeze a few of the Spanish monarch. England, France, and the Netherlands, had been fighting with several small morsels in the sea of Jamaica, the Barbados, Trinidad, &c. In 1704 she "acquired" Gibraltar, a high port commanding the mouth of the Mediterranean. What makes these "acquisitions" more interesting is that France and England have generally been paid to pay the expense they have been put in transferring these gems to their own magnificent crowns.

It is curious to follow Spain through her history, from the era when her territories were an eighth part of the world, to the present time. In 1565 she gave up the island of Malta to the order of St. John. In 1620 she gave up the island of Porto Rico to the order of St. John. In 1620 she gave up the island of Porto Rico to the order of St. John. In 1620 she gave up the island of Porto Rico to the order of St. John.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.
ADMIRALTY DISTRICT.
ATTEST.
Ed. O'Neal and others.

MONITOR.
Schr. Algonquin.

WITNESSES: The Libel of Edward O'Neal, Moses Lane, Farrar O'Neal, and Stephen Dwyer, citizens of said State, sheweth that on or about the 1st day of June, A. D. 1858, the ship called the Algonquin, whereof G. E. Sampson was master, being then in the port of Elizabeth City, N. C., and designed for a voyage to the port of Kingston, in the island of Jamaica, from thence back to the port of Elizabeth City, N. C.

He, the said G. E. Sampson, master as aforesaid, did hire the said Libellants to serve as mariners on board said ship or vessel for and during said voyage at the rate of eighteen dollars per month, and signed the shipping articles, which they pay to have produced either by the Captain or master or Wm. Messenger, the owner of said vessel.

The vessel or ship arrived at the Port of Kingston, Jamaica, on or about the 1st day of August, and reached the port of Elizabeth City, N. C., on or about the 5th day of October, 1858, when the said G. E. Sampson, master aforesaid, discharged the Libellants from the service on board said vessel as seamen without paying them their wages, although repeatedly requested to do so, which amounts to about one hundred dollars to each one of the Libellants.

They sheweth unto your honor that each one of your Libellants performed their duty truly and faithfully as seamen while on board the Schr. Algonquin, and deserves the wages charged at Eighteen Dollars per month.

Libellants therefore pray that they may have admiralty process against said schooner or vessel Algonquin, her tackle, apparel, boats and furniture, and monition as is usual in like cases. Therefore, all persons having an interest in said ship or vessel Algonquin are requested and required to appear and answer the allegations hereof.

Libellants further pray that the said ship or vessel may be condemned with her apparel, tackle, furniture, &c., and the proceeds thereof may be applied to the satisfaction of Libellants' claims, and that they may have such other and further relief as their respective cases require.

JNO. M. JONES, CTK.
[L. S.] U. S. D. C.
W. A. MOORE, Proctor.
January 4, 1859. 10-4f.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
PASQUOTANK COUNTY.
Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1858.
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W. E. VAUGHAN, CLK.
December 2, 1858. [Pr. \$5.00.] 10-6w.

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Witness, Wm. E. Vaughan, Clerk of said Court, at office in Elizabeth City, the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in September, Anno Domini, 1858.

W. E. VAUGHAN, CLK.
December 2, 1858. [Pr. \$5.00.] 10-6w.

W. D. ROBERTS & CO.,
ROANOKE SQ.
STATIONERY LINE.
Messrs. VICKERY & COMPANY would inform the Public that they are prepared to furnish every article in their line at lower prices than ever. Having lately gone to great expense in fitting up in the handsomest style their store, would cordially invite every one to call and examine their stock, (which is now the largest in this section of country,) before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that they will there find what cannot be found in any other establishment in this city.

STATIONERS.
visiting our City will please not overlook this notice, as they can find here the most beautiful articles for *Bridal or Birthday presents*, or in fact any article in the fancy goods line.

Rec'd at
VICKERY & COMPANY'S
City Book Store.
No. 26
Norfolk, Va.

FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER has for sale 2000 lbs. of **STEAM ENGINE**, nearly new, and well adapted for agricultural and mill purposes. Also, the **STEAMER VIRGINIA** and **BARGE ABRAHAM**. They will be sold upon reasonable terms. Apply to
J. B. JOHNSON,
Portsmouth, Va.
Mr. Johnson will be at the Leigh House, Elizabeth City, for a few days, where he can be seen by any one wishing to purchase.
December 14, 1858. 17-4f.

ELIZABETH CITY SEMINARY.
The Spring Session of this Institute will begin on the third Wednesday in February, 1859, and close second Tuesday in July. Pupils received at any time during the session, and charged from date of entrance. No deduction for absence, except in cases of protracted sickness. Tuition fees strictly required at close of each session.

For further particulars, terms, &c., address the Principals.
January 18, 1859. 21-3w.

TRENDON'S SACRIFICE.
ON all kinds of Dry Goods at the Bee Hive. Silks, Satins, Silks, &c. 50 per cent reduction on Silk Goods at the Bee Hive. Great bargains.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, RAGLANS, RAGLANS. Raglans, velvet, cloth and plush at less than half price, to close them out.

Now is the time to get a magnificent Cloth Raglan, worth \$20, for \$12.
Long Plaid Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Shawls, and French Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Shawls, from 50 cents to \$25.

Blankets, Flannels and Domestic Goods at greatly reduced prices.
The Bee Hive is 57 Main Street, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk.

VALENTINES.
W. G. GRIFFITH offers for sale one of the largest and most complete stock of Valentines ever seen in this City, embracing every variety, quality and price.

I have bought these Valentines direct from the manufacturer, and have not received them from any dealers, nor have they been in circulation for many months. I can afford to sell them both at wholesale and retail at least fifty per cent. cheaper than any other house in this city.

Country merchants and others will greatly consult their interest by sending their orders to me.

Packages of all sizes and quantities put up from \$1.00 to \$20, which will pay the retailer at least one hundred per cent. Special attention to orders for the country. Develops of all sizes and quantities. Direct your orders to
W. G. GRIFFITH,
No. 11 Main St.,
Norfolk, Va.
Feb. 1.

REYNOLDS HOTEL.
THOMAS MARTIN, PROPRIETOR.
The PROPRIETOR, HAVING TAKEN charge of this commodious and well constructed BOARDING HOUSE, will devote his whole attention to the accommodation of guests in REYNOLDS HOTEL, which is now in successful operation under Mr. J. D. HUGHES. The sole design of the PROPRIETOR is to aid in *reviving the school*, and hence no pains or expense will be spared to render the STUDENTS COMFORTABLE.

The House will be well governed—being under the joint control of PROPRIETOR and TEACHER, and well attended to by servants and Mrs. W. A. HUGHES, Board \$20.00 per week. Reynolds Hotel, Gates Co., N. C., Jan. 19, 1859. 22-5f.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
CAMPDEN COUNTY.
Cut of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—
December Term, 1858.

J. K. Abbott vs. William Sawyer, Jr. Attachment.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court that the Defendant William Sawyer, Jr., is a non-resident of this State, on motion it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the "Democratic Pioneer" for six weeks, notifying the said Wm. Sawyer, Jr., that he personally be and appear at the next term of this Court to be held at the Court-house in Camden; on the second Monday of March next; then and there to plead, answer, or demur to the said suit, or judgment shall be taken *pro confesso* against him.

Witness, Wm. A. Duke, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Camden, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1858.

WM. A. DUKE, CLK.
Jan. 4, 1859—OW. [Pr. \$5.00.] 23-6f.

MILLS H. EURE, PROPRIETOR.
THE SUBSCRIBER would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the above Hotel, formerly kept by Thomas G. Vaughan, and has prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. My TABLE will always be furnished with the very best that the market affords, and my servants will be found polite and attentive. The travelling public are requested to give me a call. Every possible care will be made to give entire satisfaction to those who may stop at my house.

Very Respectfully,
MILLS H. EURE.
January 18, 1859—10-4f.

MORNING STAR COOK STOVES.
WE have on hand all sizes of this Stove; our customers who have been waiting can now be supplied; we are selling them very cheap for cash or good paper, at the Depot of
W. M. ROBERTS, JR. & CO.
Removal—J. M. MATTHEWS' CLOAK and Watch and Jewelry Store has been removed to the new building near the corner of Main and Road streets, third door South of the Leigh House, and opposite the law office of J. L. Ball. E. q.
Jan. 18. 24-3f.

REMOVAL.
J. B. GODWIN, DENTIST,
has removed his office to the new building recently erected at J. W. Hinton, Esq., where he will be pleased to call in all who wish to be attended to.

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VICKERY & COMPANY.
LEADERS AND INTRODUCERS OF
STATIONERY LINE.
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Long Plaid Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Shawls, and French Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Shawls, from 50 cents to \$25.

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W. G. GRIFFITH,
No. 11 Main St.,
Norfolk, Va.
Feb. 1.

REYNOLDS HOTEL.
THOMAS MARTIN, PROP

MISCELLANEOUS.
Norfolk Steam Engine Works,
and Cast Iron Rail Works,
No. 11 Wide Water Street.

THIS establishment is now under successful operation, the proprietor having erected new buildings for the manufacture of the above work, with the most modern improvements in machinery for facilitating and perfecting the manufacture of

IRON RAILINGS
for Cemeteries, Fronts of Houses, Garden Enclosures, Balconies, &c. Having on hand the greatest variety of new and elegant patterns, adapted to every taste.

We respectfully solicit our Carolina friends to send us their orders instead of sending them to the North. We please ourselves to execute them with neatness and dispatch, and as low as any other establishment, North or South.

SAM. H. HODGES & CO.
Norfolk, Va., April 13, 1858-ly.

MISCELLANEOUS.
SHERWOOD & YOUNG,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

Buy Early Copies, -New Ready
THE POETICAL WORKS OF
EDGAR ALLAN POE,
Beautifully Illustrated with more than
ONE HUNDRED ORIGINAL DESIGN
BY DARLEY, BIRNEY, FOSTER, TIGHE, MANN,
TENNIS, CHAPPEL, DODGSON, & MADON;
and engraved in the finest style of Wood
Engraving by
COOPER, LINTON, EVANS, &c., &c.
Splendidly Bound - Price \$2.00. A few
Copies in Morocco, Nine Dollars.

Also, THE FIFTH EDITION OF
POE'S COMPLETE WORKS,
In Four Volumes, 12mo. Price \$4.50,
Containing the Tales of the Grotesque and
Arabesque, Wonderful Stories of the Imagination,
All his Poetry, The Story of Arthur
Gordon Pym, and a complete collection of all
his contributions to the Magazines. Edited by
RUFUS W. GRISWOLD, D.D., with Notices
of his life by J. B. Loring and S. P. Wilson.
Sent by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of
price.
34 Beekman Street, New York.
Nov. 23, 1858. 15-2m.

Sign of the Circular Saw.
ALLEN, ROSE & CAPPS
HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE,
ARE OPENING their importation, Birmingham
manufactory, of a beautiful assortment of
House Keeping Articles, such as
Coffee and Tea Pots, (Octagon style,
Patent Coffee Pots with Steamers, Chasing Dish
es,
Walters in sets and Jozens, Sauce Pans,
Porcelain lined Planchettes, Covers,
Old English style Grid Irons, fluted basins,
Aluminum Tenders, Polished Steel Saucepan
Tongs, in sets or pairs,
Tin lined Copper Tea Kettles, &c.
HEAVY GOODS.
Traces, Log and Back Band Chains,
Ropes, Twines, Hides, and Grubbing Hoes,
Spades, Shovels and Forks, Cut, Wrought and
Horse Shoe Nails,
Any, Vices, Bellows, Mill, Circular Saws
Cross Cut Saws,
Stocks and Dies, Hammer, Screw Plates.

BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK
BOOK MANUFACTORY.
VICKERY & COMPANY
WOULD INFORM THE CIT-
izens of Elizabeth City, and
surrounding country, that their
book business is in full operation, and they are
prepared to manufacture
BLANK BOOKS
of every description of binding and style of Ru-
ling, and to bind Magazines, Music, and printed
Books of every kind in the best manner, and on
reasonable terms as any establishment in the
United States.
Merchants, Clerks of Courts, Bank officers,
will find it greatly to their advantage to have
their Blank Books made at our establishment, as
no pains will be spared to give perfect satis-
faction both as regards quality and price.
VICKERY & COMPANY,
Bookbinders, Stationers, Book Binders
and Blank Book Manufacturers,
No. 19 Main Street, head of Market Square,
Elizabeth City, Dec. 7, 1858-3m.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THE FIRM
OF WHITE & LAVERTY was dissolved on
the 4th inst., by mutual consent. All persons
indebted to the late firm will make payment to
R. WHITE, who is alone authorized to receipt for
the same.
ROBINSON WHITE,
E. City, Dec. 7, 1858-3m.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber takes pleasure in stating that
having taken the entire interest of C. M.
LAVERTY in the late firm of WHITE & LAVERTY,
he takes this method of stating that he will carry
on the business on his own account, hoping by
strict attention to share a portion of the very
liberal patronage heretofore extended to him.
He is at the old stand, corner of Main and Wa-
ter streets.
R. WHITE.
Elizabeth City, Dec. 7-6m.

100 MISSISSOONTH BAGLANS.
Just opened at the Bee Hive,
250 Long Shawls new styles - just opened
at the Bee Hive.
A few more of those magnificent Silks left at
half price.
Large assortments are offered in Blankets at
the Bee Hive.
Dress Goods of all kinds reduced 25 per cent
at the Bee Hive.
50 pr. of Irish Linen, Splendid quality, at 25
cents per yard, worth 50, greatest bargains of the
season.
1000 yds. Printed 9-4 Druggists at 50 cts per
yard at the Bee Hive.
Embroideries to suit the milliner.
Wholesale and Retail at the Bee Hive, at
Elizabeth City, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk.
Dec. 28.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.
FALL STYLES OPENED THIS DAY AT
THE BEE HIVE.
EMBRACING all the new styles of Cloaks of
the very best styles and Materials - Splen-
did Regalia Cloaks, Velvet, Black and all colors
and shapes.
A complete assortment now on hand. Mantilla
and other new styles of Shawls.
DRESS GOODS.
Valentines, Byrdie stripes, very handsome, en-
tirely new, Delaines, Stripes, all wool plain
clothing, every thing in the market in the way
of dress goods.
BLANKETS, BLANKETS.
From the finest English Wool to the commonest
Servants, every variety of Silks. Every one
knows our prices are far below any other house
in the city.
BEE HIVE, Norfolk, Va.
JAS. SMITH.
oc 12

SHAWLS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS.
OPENED this day at the Bee Hive, a splen-
did assortment of Black and Grey Shawls.
Black Shawls with French Borders.
Black Shawls with Broad Borders.
Black Shawls with Checked Borders.
Black Shawls with Striped Borders.
Black Shawls with Gored Borders at the
BEE HIVE.
Colored Shawls in all colors and prices.
CLOAKS.
1000 Cloaks just opened at great bargains,
Silk Robes in great variety,
Black Shawls with Broad Borders,
Black Shawls, the largest assortment in the State.
The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall, Nor-
folk, Va.
oc 23

BOOKS & STATIONERY.
BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved
his connection with the firm of Vicke-
ry & Company, respectfully informs the citi-
zens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding
country, that he has opened at the store for-
merly occupied by the late Mr. B. C. Bandy.
The largest and best stock of Books and
Stationery ever offered for sale in
the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and tastes of the
people required an establishment similar to
those found in the large Northern cities, where
a full and general assortment of Books can be
obtained, the subscriber has been induced, dur-
ing a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York
and Boston, to purchase from the principal pub-
lishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a su-
perior stock of
*School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theo-
logical, Religious and Miscellaneous*
BOOKS.
Which will, upon examination, compare with
any to be found in the Southern country.
My Stock of Foreign and American
STATIONERY.
Is very large and complete, it has been selected
with great care, and embraces every article re-
quired for the School and Counting Room.
MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY
NEW.
It has been bought upon the very best terms
and at a large portion for cash, which gives me
decided advantage over all other houses in the
city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices
far below former rates.

Booksellers of this and adjacent Towns and
Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their
advantage to examine my stock before going
North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be sup-
plied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following
houses, I shall receive their new Books as they
are issued from the Press, and will supply any
or all of their publications at their prices:
J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston, do.
James B. Smith & Co., do.
T. B. Peterson, do.
Harper & Brothers, New York.
Robert Carter & Bros., do.
Charles Scribner, do.
Dewey & Jackson, do.
Brown & Co., Boston.
Phillips, Sampson & Co., do.
Ticknor & Fields, do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co., do.
Gould & Lincoln, do.
Orders from the country will be promptly
attended to. **W. P. GRIFFITH,**
Norfolk, Va.
oct 21

MISCELLANEOUS.
NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL STORE
AND
MACHINE MANUFACTORY.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED
his Manufactory and opened a regular
AGRICULTURAL STORE,
is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at
the shortest notice and on accommodating terms.
Such as
Horse-Powers, different sizes,
Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,
Wheat and Corn Fans,
Corn Planters,
Plough and Plough Castings,
Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,
Reaper-hooks, Spades, Shovels,
Manure Forks, Axes,
Traces and Log Chains, Hames,
Ox and Straw Cutters, various pattern
Grain Sifters, Hinges,
Nails, Screws, &c., &c.

Bakes,
Machine Bands, Trace Leather,
Cotton Belts, Grain Cradles,
Bramble Scythes and Handles,
Cotton Leading Lines, Butcher Guts,
Cleavers, Copper Nails, Wrenches,
Bench Screws,
Force and Chain Pumps, Lead Pipes,
Gum and Hemp Packing,
Oil Feeders, (all kinds),
Coffee Mills, Whetstones for Scythes,
Copper Rivets and Bands, Knob Stock,
Padlock Hooks and Staples, Tacks,
Wire and Wire Cloth, Blacksmith's Vices,
Sand and Emery Paper Gauging Rods and Rules
Also -

CARPENTER'S TOOLS.
Farmers in want of any of the above articles
will do well to give me a call.
Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to.
Orders per mail will meet with strict atten-
tion. Blacksmith's coal always on hand.
W. H. CLARK.
ap 19

DRY GOODS, &c.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
OF ALL KINDS.

THE subscriber would respectfully in-
form his old customers and the public
generally, that he has just returned from
the cities of Philadelphia, New York
and Baltimore, where he selected, with
great care, a

Most Splendid
and general assortment of
DRY GOODS, &c. &c.
among which can be found some beau-
tiful dress patterns, together with every
article generally called for by his nume-
rous customers. Among his assortment
can be found Ladies' Cloaks, of every
description; elegant and magnificent
Shawls, (new style,) Collars of every
variety and price; Underclothes of the
most superb quality and style. Domest-
ic and other goods for family use - a
large assortment.

For Gentlemen, he has a rich and
splendid lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.
together with material of every kind and
quality. In a word, he wishes to inform
his customers and the public generally,
that he intends keeping on hand, at all
times, a general assortment of every ar-
ticle usually found in a well-regulated
Dry Goods and Ready-Made Clothing
Store; and all he asks is, that those in
want will give him a call and examine
his stock before purchasing, as he is
satisfied that he will be able to give
general satisfaction to all that so call upon
him. Do not forget the Store, nearly
opposite the Old Bank, where rich and
beautiful goods can be procured on rea-
sonable terms.

Bonnet trimmed by Mrs. Weisel, and
warranted to give satisfaction. Call
and see for yourselves. In conclusion,
allow me to return thanks for the liberal
patronage heretofore received, and hope
for the continuance of the same.

S. WEISEL.
Elizabeth City, Oct. 16, 1858-4s.

MEDICAL.
AYER'S
CHERRY
PECTORAL
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Colds, Coughs, and
Hoarseness.

Beware of cheap imitations. The
best remedy I have ever used for
cough, croup, and the whooping
cough, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.
It is a pleasant and powerful
expectorant, and will loosen the
tough phlegm, and soothe the
inflamed membrane of the throat.
It is a safe and reliable remedy,
and will cure the most severe
cases of whooping cough, and
croup, and all other affections of
the throat and lungs.

Whooping Cough.
Beware of cheap imitations. The
best remedy I have ever used for
whooping cough, is Ayer's Cherry
Pectoral. It is a pleasant and
powerful expectorant, and will
loosen the tough phlegm, and
soothe the inflamed membrane of
the throat. It is a safe and reliable
remedy, and will cure the most
severe cases of whooping cough,
and all other affections of the
throat and lungs.

Consumption.
Probably no one who has ever
been cured of consumption, would
not say that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
is the best remedy for this disease.
It is a powerful and reliable
remedy, and will cure the most
severe cases of consumption, and
all other affections of the lungs.

Ayer's Cathartic.
This medicine is a powerful
cathartic, and will cure the most
severe cases of constipation, and
all other affections of the bowels.
It is a safe and reliable remedy,
and will cure the most severe
cases of constipation, and all other
affections of the bowels.

NO. 11 WIDE WATER STREET.
THIS establishment is now under successful
operation, the proprietor having erected
new buildings for the manufacture of the above
work, with the most modern improvements in
machinery for facilitating and perfecting the
manufacture of

IRON RAILINGS
for Cemeteries, Fronts of Houses, Garden En-
closures, Balconies, &c. Having on hand the great-
est variety of new and elegant patterns, adapted
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to the North. We please ourselves to execute
them with neatness and dispatch, and as low as
any other establishment, North or South.

SAM. H. HODGES & CO.
Norfolk, Va., April 13, 1858-ly.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS COMPANY,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE prepared to execute promptly orders to
cast
CASTINGS.
FORGINGS.
BOILERS.
ENGINES.
And all other Machinery. Long experience,
combined with the most improved tools, and
machinery, as well as greatly extended facilities,
enable this Company to compete with similar
establishments North or South.

Orders directed to "Atlantic Iron Works Com-
pany, Norfolk, Va.," will receive strict atten-
tion.

The highest Cash price paid for old Cast
Iron, Brass, Copper, &c.

C. & D. DAVIS, Superintendent.
J. H. Chamberlain, G. W. Farant, [ap 13-ly]

MARBLE WORKS.
CORNER OF GRANTY & MAIN STREETS, AND IMME-
DIATELY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
NORFOLK, VA.

THIS SUBSCRIBER HAS MANUFACTURED
to order and has constantly on hand, a large
and superior assortment of Italian and American
Marble MONUMENTS.

TOMBS. HEAD PIERCES, &c.,
which he offers at such prices as cannot fail to
give satisfaction. Carving and every de-
scription of lettering neatly executed.

Marble, Granite, Copied, Curbing, Flagon-
s, &c., furnished for building and other
purposes. Satisfaction guaranteed in every
particular.

Orders by mail will receive prompt at-
tention.
JNO. D. COOPER.
April 27, 1858-1y.

FALL HARDWARE TRADE.
DIRECT IMPORTATION.
ALLEN, ROSE & CAPPS,
HEAD OF THE SQUARE,
SIGN OF THE SAWS,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE receiving their Foreign and Domestic
Hardware suited to the whole trade,
which they offer at reduced prices, and upon as
accommodating terms as any other establish-
ment in the United States, such as
Ducking Guns, Sporting Guns, Boy's Double
and Single Guns,
Log, Trace, Bait Band, and Breast-Chains,
Stewart, Mann's, Collins' and A. R. & C. su-
perior long bait Axes.
C. S. Grub Hoes, Axes and other makes
Shovel and Spades,
Rodgers & Wostenholme's Scutling, Vices,
Belows, Anvils.
With a large collection of HOUSEKEEPING
articles.
Merchants and consumers are respectfully re-
quested to call and examine
At the Hardware store,
Head of the Square,
Sign of the Saws,
Norfolk, Va.
sep 20

FALL AND WINTER CAMPAIGN OF
1858.
WE would say to our FRIENDS
and the public that we are fully prepared,
with the best workmen and materials, to execute
any orders in our line, such as building, gutter-
ing, roofing, house and ship painting, Copper
Work, for Steamers, Mills, Distilleries, &c.,
executed in the best manner, at shortest notice,
STOVES AND HOT AIR FURNACES
of all kinds, put up in the best manner and war-
ranted to give satisfaction.

We also have on hand, and are manufac-
turing the largest and best assortment of all kinds
of Copper, Tin, Brass, Sheet Iron and Japanned
Ware, at Wholesale and Retail, lower than any
other establishment in Virginia.

EXTERNAL AND COAL OILS,
and LAMPS of all patterns for use in
factories, Deep Well and Cistern PUMPS, Block
Tin, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Bar and Sheet Lead,
Copper, &c.

We would solicit an examination of our Stock.
Having extended our Store and largely increas-
ed our facilities with the experience of 30 years
of the Senior Partner, and all the advantages
that can be derived from new improvements in
machinery, &c., we are ready to compare favor-
ably with any house North or South.
Orders from the country promptly attended to.
WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, JR. & CO.,
at 28 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.
NOTICE.

LIBERTY STOVES.
I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS
to my friends and the public generally
for the liberal patronage heretofore extend-
ed to me, and ask a continuance of the
same. I shall always keep on hand five
hundred, either by the single week, week,
month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate
and oblige those who may favor me with
their patronage, and therefore will always
be prepared to furnish good horses and
vehicles.

Stables, on Road street, nearly op-
posite the old Bank.
CHAS. B. BROTHERS.
E. City, July 14, 1857-1f.

HAWKS
HISTORY OF NORTH CAROLINA.
THE 2d volume is now published. It
embraces the period of the Proprietary Gov-
ernment, from 1683 to 1729.

It forms a handsome 8vo. volume of 591 pages.
The subscription price is one half a cent a page;
but the price of this volume is less, say \$2.50 in
cloth binding, \$4 in Library style, and \$3.25
in half calf. It will be sold only for Cash.

Owing to the difficulty of securing Agents in
many parts of the State, we will forward it by
mail or otherwise free of postage, on receipt of the
price; or other volume for \$2 cloth, \$4 50 sheep,
or \$5 half calf.

A liberal discount made to Agents, or others,
who buy to sell again.
E. J. HALE & SON.
Fayetteville, Nov. 3, 1858.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
I HAVE this day (Jan. 8) associated with me
in the Upholstering and Paper Hanging bu-
siness, "TURNER, A. WATKINS and WILLIAM
HOORN, JR." The business will be conducted by
the Junior partners, under the name of W. M. A.
WALTERS & CO.

A continuation of the patronage of my former
customers, is most respectfully solicited by the
new firm.
W. M. A. WALTERS.
Norfolk, Feb. 10, 1857.

COOK STOVES, COOK STOVES.
AT the Depot, Roanoke Square, you can buy
a Stove that can be relied on, or in other
words, it will not break in a week after you
put it up - we have no auction goods.

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING:
OR JERUSALEM AS IT WAS, AS IT IS, & AS IT IS TO BE.
By DR. J. T. BARCLAY, Late Missionary
to Jerusalem. With a Steel Portrait of
the Author by Sartain. Also Chromographic
Illustrations in ten oil colors, Periscope Pa-
noramas of the entire Circuit of the City and
environs, explanatory Maps, &c., by Rosenthal.
Steel Engravings by Sartain, J. C. Butte, Dick
and Earle. Finest Wood Engravings by Loud-
erback & Hoffman and J. H. Byram.

The Engraving was executed in the high-
est style of art, from Photographs and original
designs illustrating the various phases of the
City.

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL, MODERN AND
MILLENNIAL.
Also, Restoration of the Temple and City as
invited by Titus. - Notices of Jewish, Chris-
tian, and Heathen Antiquities - The Present
Political and Moral Condition - Future Pros-
pects, &c.

This work is the result of investigations made
during three and a half years' residence in the
Holy City, with facilities for prosecuting re-
searches never heretofore enjoyed. It was
determined with special reference to the eluci-
dation of the Holy Scriptures, the Talmud,
the Works of Josephus, the Crusaders, and Pilgrim
Chronicles. The many valuable discoveries
made in the Temple Enclosure, and other sacred
localities, to which Dr. Barclay was admitted
by special permission, with permission to explore
those hallowed spots, so jealously guarded for
many centuries, and now for the first time pre-
sented to the Christian public, will introduce a
new era in Sacred Topography.

Price \$3.50 - 1 vol. 8 vo., for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.
mh 23

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH,
CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING
WARE-ROOMS,
NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the atten-
tion of the public, to his large and hand-
some assortment of
VELVET.

TAPSTRY.
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN AND
COMMON CARPETS,
RUGGERS,
DOOR MATS, &c.
FURNITURE AND
FLOOR-CLOTHS.

Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and
Muslin Curtains, Gilt Velvet and Common
Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands,
Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assort-
ment of Gilt, Velvet, Satin and Common Pa-
pers, Borders, Fire Screens and Curtain Papers,
he offers at the lowest prices.

WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
dec 2
P. S. - Persons living out of the city, can have
their Carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing
us with a plat of their rooms. **W. A. W.**

BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK
BOOK MANUFACTORY.
VICKERY & COMPANY
WOULD INFORM THE CIT-
izens of Elizabeth City, and
surrounding country, that their
book business is in full operation, and they are
prepared to manufacture
BLANK BOOKS
of every description of binding and style of Ru-
ling, and to bind Magazines, Music, and printed
Books of every kind in the best manner, and on
reasonable terms as any establishment in the
United States.
Merchants, Clerks of Courts, Bank officers,
will find it greatly to their advantage to have
their Blank Books made at our establishment, as
no pains will be spared to give perfect satis-
faction both as regards quality and price.
VICKERY & COMPANY,
Bookbinders, Stationers, Book Binders
and Blank Book Manufacturers,
No. 19 Main Street, head of Market Square,
Elizabeth City, Dec. 7, 1858-3m.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THE FIRM
OF WHITE & LAVERTY was dissolved on
the 4th inst., by mutual consent. All persons
indebted to the late firm will make payment to
R. WHITE, who is alone authorized to receipt for
the same.
ROBINSON WHITE,
E. City, Dec. 7, 1858-3m.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber takes pleasure in stating that
having taken the entire interest of C. M.
LAVERTY in the late firm of WHITE & LAVERTY,
he takes this method of stating that he will carry
on the business on his own account, hoping by
strict attention to share a portion of the very
liberal patronage heretofore extended to him.
He is at the old stand, corner of Main and Wa-
ter streets.
R. WHITE.
Elizabeth City, Dec. 7-6m.

100 MISSISSOONTH BAGLANS.
Just opened at the Bee Hive,
250 Long Shawls new styles - just opened
at the Bee Hive.
A few more of those magnificent Silks left at
half price.
Large assortments are offered in Blankets at
the Bee Hive.
Dress Goods of all kinds reduced 25 per cent
at the Bee Hive.
50 pr. of Irish Linen, Splendid quality, at 25
cents per yard, worth 50, greatest bargains of the
season.
1000 yds. Printed 9-4 Druggists at 50 cts per
yard at the Bee Hive.
Embroideries to suit the milliner.
Wholesale and Retail at the Bee Hive, at
Elizabeth City, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk.
Dec. 28.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.
FALL STYLES OPENED THIS DAY AT
THE BEE HIVE.
EMBRACING all the new styles of Cloaks of
the very best styles and Materials - Splen-
did Regalia Cloaks, Velvet, Black and all colors
and shapes.
A complete assortment now on hand. Mantilla
and other new styles of Shawls.
DRESS GOODS.
Valentines, Byrdie stripes, very handsome, en-
tirely new, Delaines, Stripes, all wool plain
clothing, every thing in the market in the way
of dress goods.
BLANKETS, BLANKETS.
From the finest English Wool to the commonest
Servants, every variety of Silks. Every one
knows our prices are far below any other house
in the city.
BEE HIVE, Norfolk, Va.
JAS. SMITH.
oc 12

SHAWLS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS.
OPENED this day at the Bee Hive, a splen-
did assortment of Black and Grey Shawls.
Black Shawls with French Borders.
Black Shawls with Broad Borders.
Black Shawls with Checked Borders.
Black Shawls with Striped Borders.
Black Shawls with Gored Borders at the
BEE HIVE.
Colored Shawls in all colors and prices.
CLOAKS.
1000 Cloaks just opened at great bargains,
Silk Robes in great variety,
Black Shawls with Broad Borders,
Black Shawls, the largest assortment in the State.
The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall, Nor-
folk, Va.
oc 23

LAW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!
THE subscriber has on hand, a large stock of
valuable LAW BOOKS, which are offered for sale
exactly at the publisher's prices.

Reports of Decisions in the Supreme Court of
the United States, with notes, a digest,
by Judge B. R. Curtis, 22 vols., \$70.
Commentaries on Equity Jurisprudence, as ad-
ministered in England and America, by Jo-
seph Story, 2 vols., \$11.
Story on Bailments, \$5 50c.
Story on Agency, \$5.
Parsons on Contracts, 2 vols., \$11.
Phillips Insurance, 2 vols., \$10.
Story on Sales, \$4 50c.
The Chancellor's Pleading and Practice, 3 vols.
\$12.
Parson's Mercantile Law, \$5 50c.
Story on Bailments, \$5.
Wharton's International Law, \$6.
Story on Conflicts of Laws, \$6 50c.
Walker's American Law, \$5 50c.
Story's Equity Pleadings, \$6.
Drake on Attachment, \$4 50c.
Story on the Constitution, 2 vols., \$10c.
Presidents of the United States, a Special Pleas, by
Chas. R. Train and F. F. Hild, \$4.
Story on Partnership, \$5 50c.
Digest of the General Laws of the United States,
with reference to the Acts repealed, supplied,
modified, or amended, by the various Laws, \$6 50c.
Story on Promissory Notes, \$5 50c.
Bishop on Marriage and Divorce, \$5.
Thornton on Conveyancing, 2nd edition, \$4 50c.
Taylor's Landlord and Tenant, \$4 50c.
Bishop on Criminal Law, \$5.
Angell on the Law of Carriers, \$5 50c.
Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 vols., \$16 50c.
Angell and Ames on Corporations, \$5 50c.
Gosling and Metcalf's Reports, 4 vols., \$20.
Taylor's Commentaries on the Laws of Vir-
ginia, \$8.
Tales Analytical and Digested Index, 2 vols., \$8.
Hall's Digested Index to the Virginia Reports, \$5.
Decisions of Cases in Virginia, of the High
Court of Chancery, by Geo. Wythe, new
edition, \$4 50c.
Sand's Bill in Equity, \$4.
The Virginia Guide, \$4.
Tales Form Book, new edition, by Sands, \$1 25.
The above with many other valuable works
are for sale by
W. P. GRIFFITH,
Norfolk, Va.
feb 3

LARGE STOCK OF BOOKS AND
STATIONERY.
VICKERY & COMPANY would respectfully
inform the citizens of E. City and surround-
ing country that they have recently added to
their large stock of Books, Stationery, and
Stationery, and would call the attention of Mer-
chants and others to the following list of stock
which is offered at the lowest prices, and on the
most reasonable terms.

PAGED BLANK BOOKS.
Record Books,
Journals,
Order Books,
Day Books,
Receipt Books,
Ledger Books,
Letter Books,
Bill Books.

The above are of different styles of binding,
sizes and ruling. We also make up to order
any kind or style of Blank Book our customers
may wish.

LETTER AND WALLING PAPER.
Imperial Royal, Super Royal, Medium, Folio
Post, Letter, Cap, Commercial, Note, Pocket
Size, and all other styles, and in all colors, Wove
or Laid of French and English manufacture.

SUNDRIES.
Gold Pens, Portfolios, Inkstands, Sailing
Wax and Wafers, Steel Pens, Fancy Guilloché
Glass Papers, Pad Blotters, Copying Presses,
Copying Books, Memorandum Books, Note Pa-
per, Blank Notes and Drafts, Books of Bills La-
ding, Sand Boxes, Sand Thermometers, Gummed
Labels, Ivory Tablets, Water Colors, Ivory Clips,
Lead Pens, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually found in
a well ordered and arranged establishment.

N. B. From facilities offered this house, at
the North, we are enabled to sell all articles in
our line on the most liberal terms, and would
therefore solicit the favor of a call to examine
our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
VICKERY & COMPANY,
City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.
ja 26

REMOVAL.
T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM
his "old stand" to the front shop of the
Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, re-
spectfully informs his friends
and public generally, that
he is prepared to manufacture
any and every article of
FURNITURE.
He will also keep on hand a large assortment
of all sizes. He will also furnish Mahogany,
Walnut or other Coffins to order.

Having a good **HEARSE**, he is prepared to
carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its
branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore
bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance
of the same.
T. PARR.
Sept. 1, 1857-1y

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,
DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
DEALER IN
Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery,
Fancy Articles,
Smoking and
Chewing Tobacco,
Sicars and superior
Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The orders of Physicians and Planters prom-
ptly filled with pure Medicines and on moderate
terms as can be had south of Mason's and Dix
only's line.

Dr. Hancock's office is at the Drug Store,
where he can always be found except when pro-
fessionally engaged.
June 9, 1857-3ms

RICHMOND POTTERY - SHERWOOD
& YOUNG, Agents, have on hand a large
assortment of Jars, Jugs, Churns, Butter Pans,
Oyster Jars, Spilltubs, Pitchers, &c., for sale at
factory price. Liberal discount allowed on
sums over Ten dollars.

In connection with the above, we are prepared
to furnish 1 and 2 gallon Jars, made expressly
for fruit, with corks fitted to each. The atten-
tion of persons dealing in preserved fruits is
called to them. Samples can be seen at our
ore, No. 14 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

A WOMAN'S THOUGHTS ABOUT
WOMEN.
THE last and best work by the author of John
Hallifax, Gentleman - Price \$1

Something to do - Self Defense - Female Pro-
fessionals - Female Handicrafts - Female Servants -
Mistress of a Family - Female Friendship -
Gossip - Women of the house - Happy and Un-
happy Women - Last Women - Growing old.
The above with many other new and interest-
ing books are for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
City Book Store.
May 4th, 1858.

W. P. GRIFFITH has recently received
Books, for the Southern and American, com-
prising History, Biography, Travels, Standard
works of Fiction, &c., all of which are offered
for sale at prices far below American publica-
tions.

My stock of Books is the largest in this City,
and will compare favorably with any establish-
ment in the South, all of which is offered at
as low prices as any other house in the United
States. If you wish to be convinced of the fact,
come and see.

Libraries, Colleges, and Schools furnished
upon the very best terms.

Orders from the country will receive prompt
attention addressed to
W. P. GRIFFITH,
mh 2 Bookseller and Stationer, Norfolk.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE
IN NORFOLK CO., VA.
IT lies on the Dismal Swamp Canal, about 1
mile from Deep Creek and 14 from Norfolk,
and contains from 1200 to 1500 acres, about 150
to 200 of which are now in apple orchard, the
balance in original forest.

The soil is adapted to the production of Indian
corn and other crops usually cultivated in that
section. About 5 or 600 acres of the tract would
make a fine farm as any in Eastern Virginia;
adjoining lands of similar quality unimproved,
have produced from 14 to 15 barrels of corn per
acre, and the wood and timber on the land
would pay every expense of clearing, when it
would be worth \$50 per acre.

There are, also, great facilities for carrying on
the wood business. Immense quantities of the
best quality of oak can be sold at paying prices at
Norfolk or on the Canal Bank, along which the
land stretches for several miles. The facilities
of water carriage would also render the tract
valuable for its rail and shingle timber.

The pasture and range for Stock is unsur-
passed. The tract is within one mile of the
dwellings. Persons desirous of purchasing a
tract, will please apply to Messrs. George T. Wallace and John
West, who live near the place, and to Mr. Ben-
jamin T. Tate, near Norfolk, who will take
pleasure in showing the land.

For further information and terms, which will
be liberal, apply to
JOSEPH T. TATE.
November 2, 1858. 13-1f

INFIRMARY FOR SLAVES,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
THIS INFIRMARY has been opened at the Ma-
rine Hospital (in a separate building) for
the treatment of slaves for a limited number,
and will give them the